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## Importance Ranking of Survivability Issues in an Aging System

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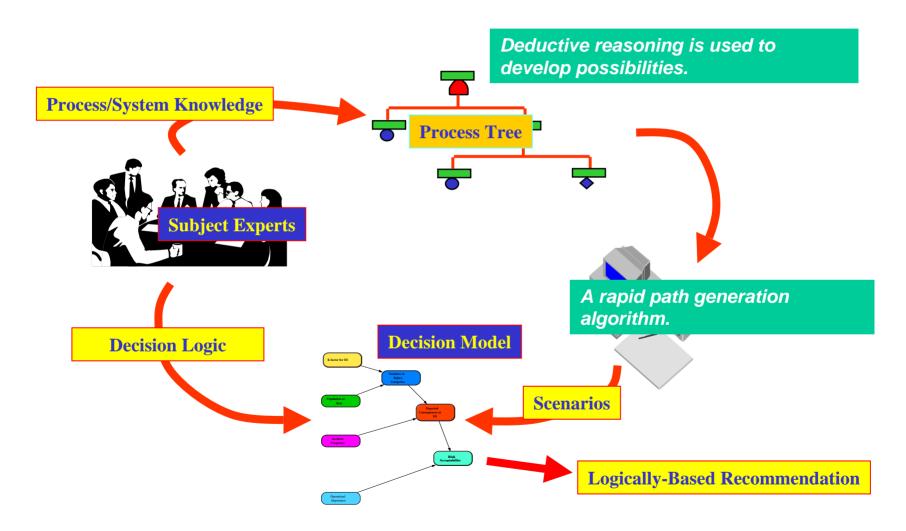
### Original Purpose

• Ensure the HE replacement decision for a weapon has systematically considered all relevant factors, including survivability, reliability, maintainability, etc.

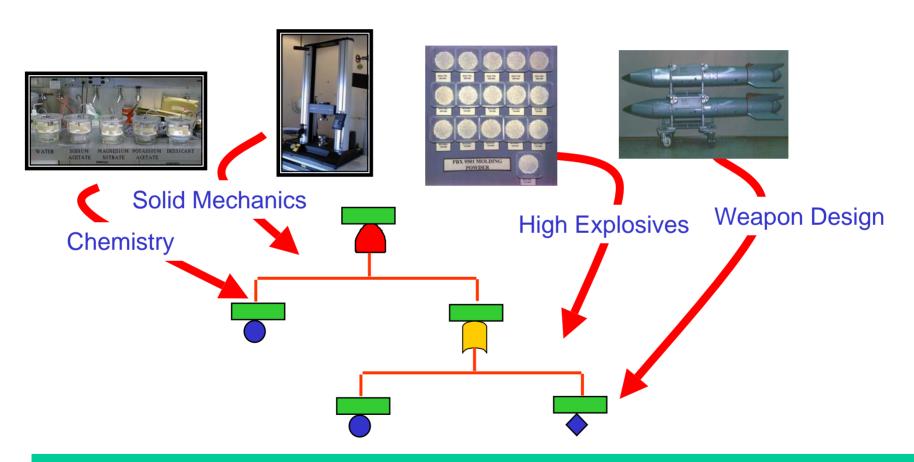
### Additional Objectives

- Express the status and confidence of the cognizant experts for different possible replacement paths.
- Assign priorities to issue resolution based on the importance of the possible aging effect on weapon performance.

We used an integrated approach to decision making in this problem that we call the Logic-Evolved Decision (LED) method.



### **Process Tree Development for HE Replacement Decision Analysis**

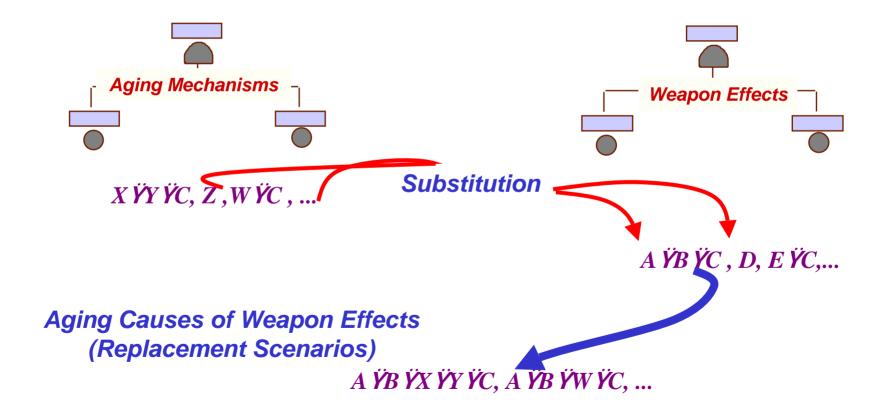


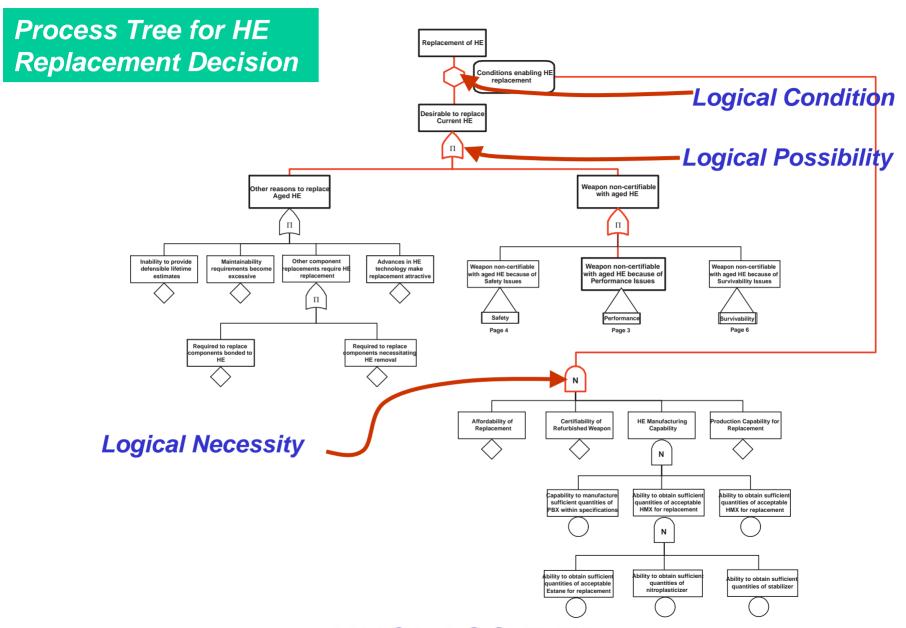
The tree enumerates possible paths that would necessitate HE replacement.

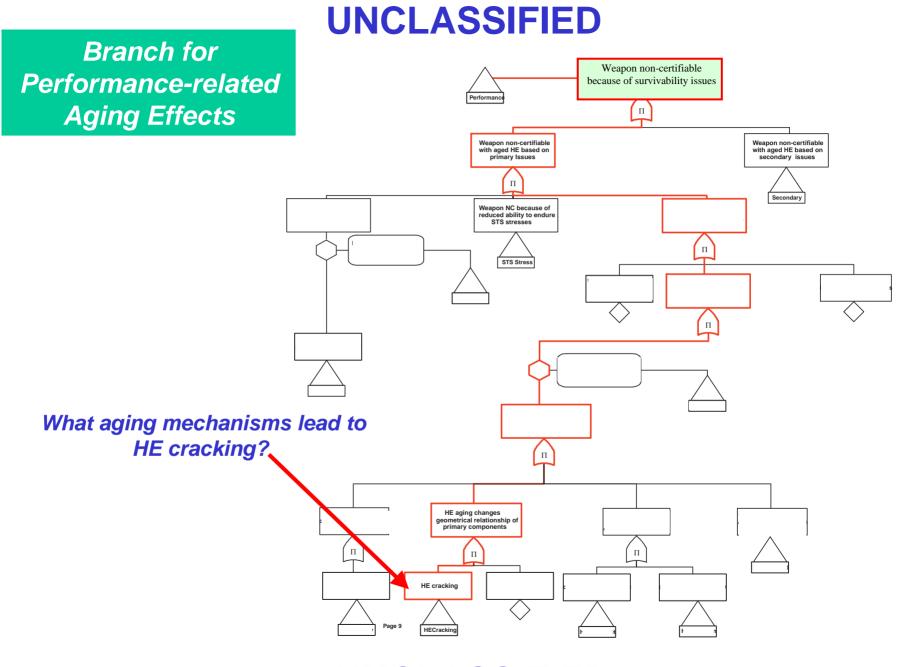
For practical reasons we developed two linked process trees:

- 1) HE aging mechanisms and
- 2) Weapon effects arising from HE aging.

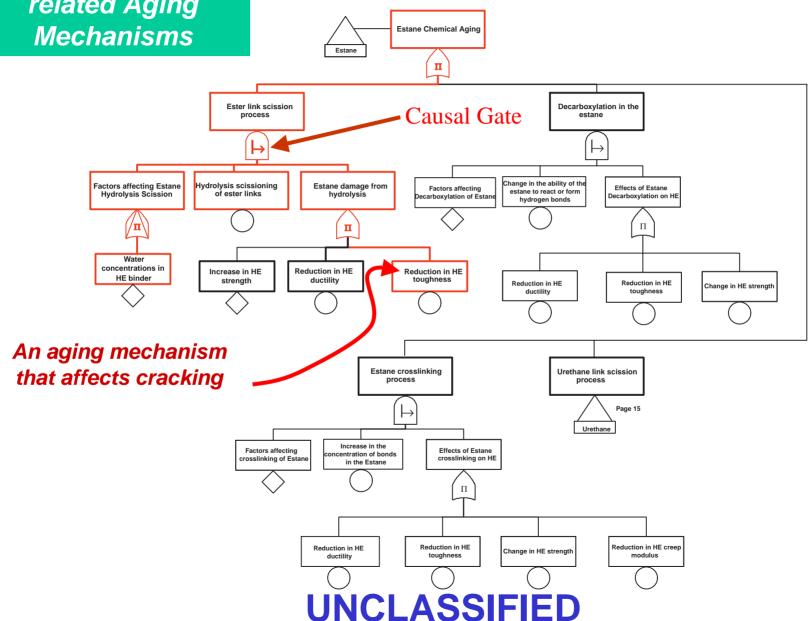
We then combined the the logic models.

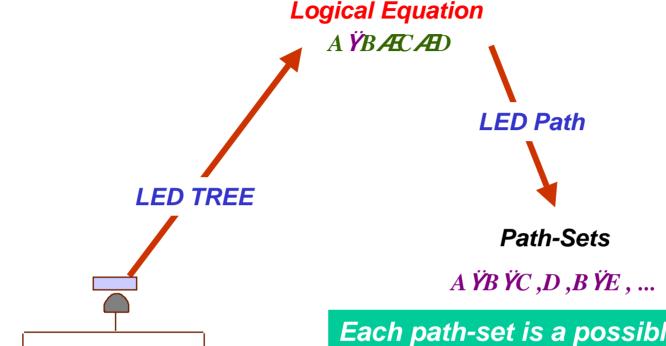






#### Branch for Estanerelated Aging Mechanisms



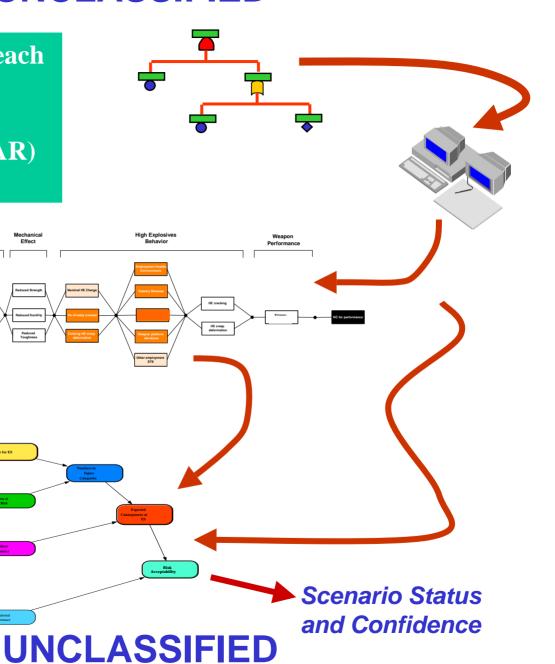


Each path-set is a possible sequence or set of conditions and events requiring HE replacement (a scenario).

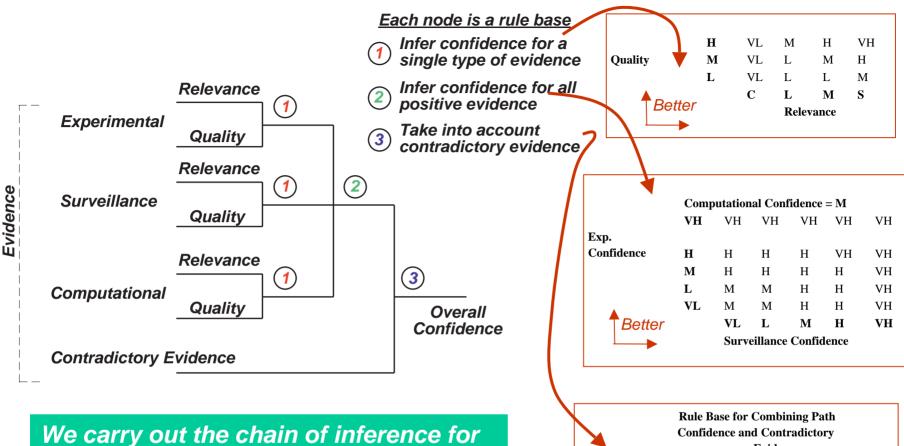
The process trees produce a logical model of the process that can be manipulated mathematically.

**Process Trees** 

Status and confidence for each replacement scenario was evaluated using an Approximate Reasoning (AR) inference model.



Forward Chaining Inference Model



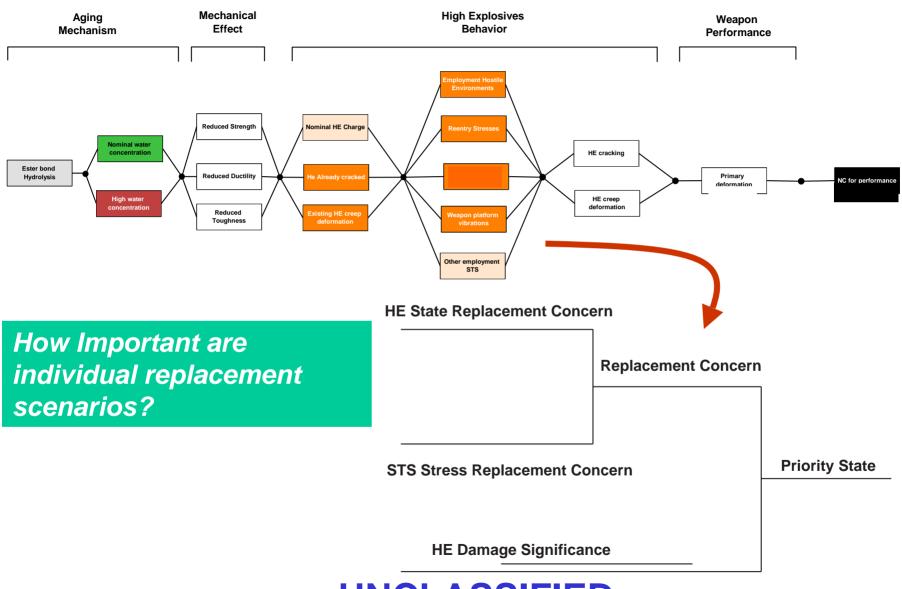
We carry out the chain of inference for each scenario to assess the confidence we have in its acceptability.

#### Evidence VH VH VI. M Aggregate Confidence Н Η M VL. M M VLVL L L VLVL VLVL VL. VL S N M **Contradictory Evidence**

#### Status of Scenario

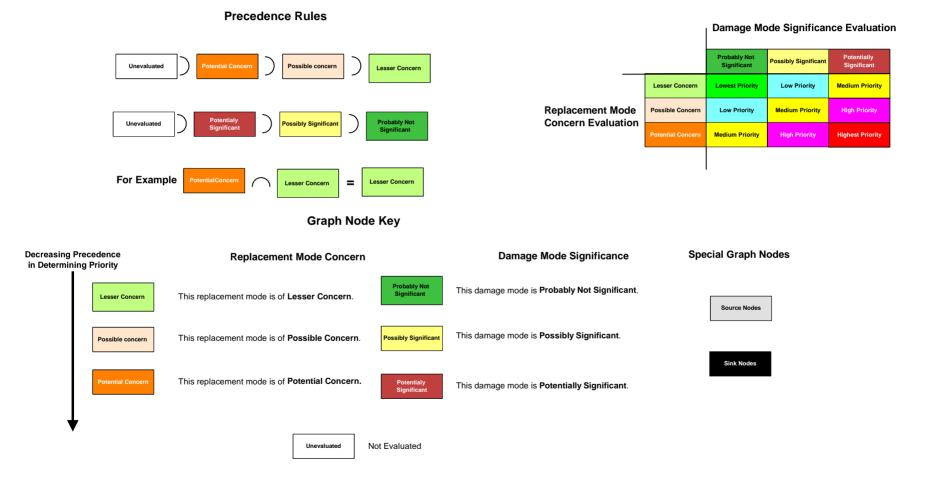
Confidence in status assessment

nitiating Event	Issue	Requirement	Function or State	Aging Effect	Process or Component	Path	Status	Confidence
					HE Initiability	1	A eptable	High
					Detonators	2	Acceptable	Very High
Scenarios developed Initiation Boosters						3	Acceptable	Low
from process tree						4	Unresolved	
					Other	5	Unresolved	
	Performance	Reliability of function	Primary			6	Acceptable	Low
			Secondary			7	Acceptable	High
			<u>STS</u>			. 8	Unresolved	
					Thermal HEDD	9	Acceptable	Low
			STS Environments		Mechanical HEDD	10	Acceptable	Low
		Pu Dispersal Risk	_		Electrical HEDD	11	Acceptable	High
	_		Accident Conditions			12	Unresolved	
	Safety				Electrical IND	13	Acceptable	High
			STS Environments		Thermal IND	14	Unresolved	
		IND Frequency	_		Mechanical IND	15	Unresolved	
			Accident Conditions			16	Unresolved	
	O	Doob ab War of O	Heatile Constition		Hostile Initiation	17	Acceptable	High
	Survivability	Probability of Survival	Hostile Conditions		Hostile Degradation	18	Unresolved	



The importance for a scenario is inferred through an AR model that uses the damage significance and replacement concern

**Priority Evaluation Rule Base** 



**UNCLASSIFIED** Concern Range 2 **Evaluating the Importance for**  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ STS Stress Range a scenario. Hostile Reentry Platform Vibrations Other Lesser 0.2 0.1 0.7 0.8 **Possible** 0.9 0.7 0.3 **Potential STS Stress Replacement Concern** A linguistiç variable **Replacement Concern** Concern Range 1  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ **HE Initial State Range Priority State HE State Replacement Concern** Creeped HE **Nominal HE** Cracked HE Lesser 0.1 Possible 0.9 **Potential HE Damage Significance** A linguistic value for the variable **Priority Range**  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ Damage Mode Range D STS Stress Range  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ **Water Concentration Modes** Hostile Reentry **Platform Vibrations** Other

#### **UNCLASSIFIED**

0.2

0.3

0.7

0.1

0.2

0.8

0.2

0.2

0.8

0.2

0.7

Lowest

Medium

Low

High

Highest

Nominal Water

Probably Not

Possibly

Potentially

**High Water** 

0.2

0.8

0

# UNCLASSIFIED Conclusions

Comprehensive logical models of very complex processes can be constructed.

The logic models can be used to efficiently organize and manipulate the large amounts of information needed for decision making.

Complex concepts such as survivability and reliability can be addressed systematically and rigorously utilizing only qualitative knowledge.